

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR BARGAINS



SHOES

See Krausse Bros. They have them at 275 Commercial st.

Down They Go

AT THE

New York Racket.

Our ladies' shirt waists, all kinds reduced just one-half, to close out the lines. Here is a bargain. Our prices were low, now they are lowest.

We also reduce to a very low price on our tan, chocolate and ox-blood hose for ladies, misses and children. These hose are first-class at the price.

Call and get a bargain,

Closing Out Bankrupt Stock

At Friedman's New Racket.

A Few of the Bargains We Are Offering:

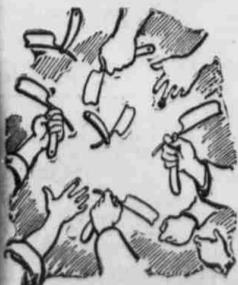
We have some more lace curtains, worth \$1.50 a pair, which we are selling for 85c a pair. Best quality table oilcloth, for 13c a yard. Tablecloth, worth 50c a yard, now for 25c a yard. A new line of percales, worth 12c a yard, now for 7c a yard. Parsels at half price. Silk gloves, one-third off. Leather belts, from 10c up. Spool cotton, 2 cents.

Remember, Reductions on all lines:

Trunks and clothing, blankets, hats, shoes,

FRIEDMAN'S,

Corner Commercial and State streets, Salem, Oregon.



Just Received

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Clauss' Razors

All styles and prices. Fully guaranteed.

GRAY BROS

Corner State and Liberty streets Salem, Or.

PEACE IS POSSIBLE

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Suspension of Individual Rights in Spain Sagasta for Peace.

MADRID, July 15.—A decree is published today suspending throughout Spain the rights of individuals, as guaranteed by the constitution. The publication of this decree is accepted as proof that peace negotiations are actually in progress.

The government wishes to have full power to suppress any evidences of discord or rebellions which might appear. Premier Sagasta is quoted as saying that Spain wants peace, "but," he says: "It must be an honorable peace, as Spain deserves. The Spanish army is anxious to resist to the last, but the government cannot consent to such a useless sacrifice. Had we our fleet, the situation would have been very different."

Hopes for Early Peace.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—President McKinley in speaking of the fall Santiago, said: "I hope for early peace now."

YELLOW FEVER,

Twenty-Three New Cases and Three Deaths Have Been Reported.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The war department posted the following dispatch from Assistant Adjutant General Greenleaf, of Gen. Miles' staff:

SIBONEY, July 15.—There were only twenty-three new cases of yellow fever and three deaths reported within the past twenty-four hours. The type of the disease is very mild. Our camp site will be moved whenever it becomes practicable. I have taken the most vigorous sanitary precautions to prevent the spread of the disease.

DISPOSITION OF HOBSON.

Commodore Hichborn Wants Hobson to Remain in the Construction Corps.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A Tribune special from Washington says:

Commodore Hichborn, chief constructor of the navy, sent the following letter to the hero of the Merrimac at Santiago.

"Now that you have safely passed the danger of your perilous undertaking, it is with great pleasure that I extend to you my sincere congratulations on your heroic conduct at Santiago. In approving your request for assignment to the squadron I expected that you would prove a valuable acquisition through your professional attainments. All expectations have been surpassed, and I again congratulate you on the performance and the brilliant future before you."

Commodore Hichborn, while averse to being placed in the position of exerting any influence in the matter, is exceedingly anxious that Hobson shall not be transferred to the line of the navy, but shall retain his position in the construction corps, where his remarkable ability may be utilized for the best interest of the service.

The young constructor, before he joined Admiral Sampson's fleet, had already demonstrated his capacity in ship designing, and while the navy is rich in brave officers, with the increase in the number of ships and the strength of the navy, it is believed that Constructor Hobson has a greater career before him as a constructor than as a commander. His opportunities for impressing his individuality are thought to be much greater in the staff than in the line, and as he has up to this time given no intimation that he desires a transfer, it is not believed that he will consent to abandon his profession.

AMERICANS VICTORIOUS.

Montet's Whole Column Captured While Escaping From Malcabo.

MADRID, July 15.—Captain-General Augustin telegraphs under date of July 10:

"General Montet's column, unable to hold out at Malcabo, left in three boats, towed by the gunboat Leyta, to seek reinforcements. It was stopped by the Americans, but aided by the current, it succeeded in reaching Esteros and Bulcan. There, however, the column was made prisoners by the insurgents. An official inquiry has been opened into the conduct of General Montet."

WILL HAVE FULL SWAY.

This Government Will Not Interfere With Dewey.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—It can be stated positively that no representations have yet been made to the German government respecting the actions of the German naval commanders in the Philippines. Admiral Dewey has handled these matters in such a way as to leave no room for suggestions or representations on the part of the state department, and so long as this state of affairs continues it is not likely there will be any interference with this able officer.

A SERIOUS MATTER.

Admiral Dewey Did Not Allow Full News to Be Given.

LONDON, July 15.—The Daily Mail's Hong Kong correspondent says: It is known here that Admiral Dewey requested the correspondents at Manila not to give the full story of the Irene incident, for fear of arousing feeling in America which might lead to complications with Germany. When the full details transpire, it will be seen the incident was more serious than it at first appeared to be.

ORDERED REMOVED.

All American Harbors Ordered Cleared of Mines Immediately.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—In compliance with the determination of the cabinet to order the removal of the submarine mines sunk in harbors and rivers before the war. General Wilson, chief of engineer, has addressed the following letter to all engineer officers under whose jurisdiction these works of defense rest:

"The secretary of war has ordered that wherever the interests of commerce shall so demand, the submarine mines now placed in various rivers and harbors along the Atlantic, gulf and Pacific coast shall be removed or exploded. You are authorized to remove or explode, as in your judgment will be best for the interests of the service, wherever the interests of commerce so demand, submarine mines in the various rivers and harbors under your charge.

"It is intended that the cables, junction boxes, anchors, casement appliances, etc., shall remain in position and that you shall have ready at each harbor the necessary mine cases, explosives, etc., so that mines to replace those removed can be immediately laid upon receipt of telegraphic instructions. In removing the mines and withdrawing the charges utmost care must be observed, as it is possible that the friction arising from unscrewing the plug might cause an explosion.

"Should you deem it best in the interest of the service to explode the mines in position you are authorized to do so whenever you have on hand sufficient materials to immediately replace them. In firing the mines you are requested to personally superintend the operation, and to carefully observe the result in each case, so that the information gained, which will be of value in future operations, may be carefully collected in the interest of the science of war. You will please notify by telegraph the chief of engineers and the division engineer of your division whenever you are ready to explode the mines, so that they may have the opportunity of being present should their duties permit."

MILES HEARD FROM.

Details of the Capitulation of Santiago Have Not Yet Been Completed.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The following was received from the seat of war today, Playa, Baiquiri, July 15.—To the secretary of war, Washington. The appointed commission in behalf of the United States, consisting of Gen. Wheeler and Lawton and Miles, with the Spanish commission, to arrange the details for carrying into effect the capitulation will reach Siboney tomorrow. (Signed) MILES.

A second dispatch was signed Jones, signal officer in charge of the Terminus of the military line at Playa, and is as follows:

"PLAYA, July 15.—The commission appointed to arrange the details of the surrender of Santiago held a meeting yesterday, lasted until a late hour. They met again this morning and it is supposed that terms will be settled upon today."

"In all this work you are requested to use the utmost care; to see that the harbor or river in the vicinity of the mines you propose to explode is absolutely clear of vessels when the explosion takes place, and to be more than careful on every possible point in case it is your intention to take up the mines and remove the charges. The views of the torpedo board in reference to removing the charges have been requested, and will be communicated to you. Wherever the mines now placed do not in any way interfere with commerce they need not be removed.

Sagasta's Opinion of Our Troops.

BERLIN, July 15.—The Tageblatt's Madrid correspondent says Sagasta has declared that he is now convinced that the Americans would be defeated by the land forces in Cuba, and that the Americans knew themselves, but since Spain no longer has a fleet, the Americans could starve the island without subjecting themselves to exposure to Spanish bullets. Hence he has resolved to bring about peace as soon as possible.

"Within the master's desk is seen, deep scarred by raps official." Why didn't he go to Buren and Hamilton's while their removal sale is on and get a brass new roll-top at a reduced price.

NO PEACE YET.

Negotiations Believed to Be Imminent and Expected Hourly.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—There have been no overtures for peace received by any United States embassy or legation abroad, or by the department of state at Washington. This statement was made by a member of the cabinet. A dispatch from Madrid announcing the royal decree suspending individual rights in Spain, was read at the cabinet meeting. As in Madrid, it was generally taken to mean the beginning of a move of the Spanish government for a cessation of hostilities.

MADRID, Noon, July 15.—The Pacific tendency is increasing. The general public take a favorable view of the suggestion that the powers should attempt a re-establishment of peace.

Commission in Session.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The commissioners to arrange the details of the surrender of Santiago sat until a late hour last night, and met again this morning. It is expected that the terms of capitulation will be agreed upon today.

SPANISH PRISONERS.

Over a Thousand Have Arrived at Portsmouth on the Steamer Harvard.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., July 15.—The cruiser Harvard, having on board 1,008 Spanish prisoners arrived this morning. Nearly one-half on board are ill. Six Spaniards died on the passage, and another death occurred this afternoon and three other patients are not expected to live until night. There are eighty serious cases on board the ship. All of the patients are said to be victims of malarial fever. The vessel will probably be sent into quarantine.

PRaised CHINESE.

Dewey Says They Should Be Recognized by Our Government.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The state department today posted a bulletin stating that Admiral Dewey paid a high tribute to the Chinese who were on board the American warships at the battle of Manila, and suggests they should receive recognition by our government by being made citizens of the United States.

Last Filibustering Expedition.

Key West, July 15.—The champion filibusters, Florida and Fanta, under the convoy of the island gunboat Perla, have landed the largest and probably the last expedition sent to the aid of the insurgents. It was a task beset with peril and difficulty, costing one man his life, and wounds to a half-dozen others. Captain Jose Manuel Nunez, brother of General Emilio Nunez, was killed; William Chanler, of New York, was shot through the right elbow, and five Cubans suffered trifling injuries. How many Spanish lives answered for this will never be known, but there were enough to more than balance the score. The debarkation was on July 5th, at Palo Alto, on the south coast of Cuba.

New York Appropriation.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 15.—The assembly today passed the bill appropriating \$500,000 for a war fund unanimously.

GIVING UP THE PROFIT

And even more for the sake of closing out our stock. Lowest of low prices reign.

Baby Bonnets

Going fast at One-half former prices.

India Madras

Fully one yard wide, regular 20c goods, fine for boys' wear and shirts clearance price 13 1/2 cents.

Half Wool Challie.

Usually sold for 25c. We say to close them during our clearance sale 10 cents.

Hosiery

Fine Maco yarn, silk finish, full fashioned, regular 25c values, to close them we say 3 pairs for 50c.

Straw Hats.

One-half former price.

New beauty pins, new skirt supporters.

JOSEPH MEYERS & SONS.

278-280 Commercial st., corner Court st. TELEPHONE NO. 14

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



25,000 Spaniards

To Be Transported Home From Santiago.

Progress of the Peace Commissioners Now in Session.

WASHINGTON July 15.—The following bulletin was posted at the war department: "Headquarters, Santiago, via Playa, July 15. I sent you several telegrams yesterday, as did General Miles. In regard to the surrender. General Toral, agreed yesterday positively to surrender all forces under his command in Eastern Cuba, upon the distinct understanding that they should be sent to Spain by the United States. This surrender was authorized by Gen. Blanco, and that its submission tomorrow was merely formal.

The commissioners to arrange the details were appointed. Wheeler, Lawton and Miles, on the part of the United States. Points were immediately raised by the Spanish commissioners.

The discussion lasted until 10 o'clock last night. My commissioners think the matter will be settled today, and met at 10:30 this morning.

There are about 12,000 troops in city and about as many more in the surrounding districts, 25,000 in all to be transported.

General Miles was present, and said the surrender was as complete as possible. It cannot be possible that there will be a failure in completing the arrangements.

A water famine in this city is imminent. Have supply cut. This is told Lieutenant Miley by an English commissioner. Will wire frequently now negotiations are progressing. Shafter, major-general, commanding.

Shirt Waists,

Reduced one-half, Not many left.

Chiffon Shoulder

Capes, beautiful new styles, only two left. Clearance sale price each \$6.39.

Working shirts

Chevyot, satins and madras, fully 36 inches long, cut full, non-shrinkable collar bands, sloping shoulders, guaranteed best shirt made for 50 cents.

Children's Suits

Reduced one fifth. We need the room for our big fall stock now eig made up.

Neckwear.

A whole windowfull of bright up-to-date tasty neckwear well worth 25 and 35 cents. Clearance sale price 19 cents.